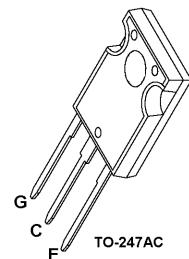
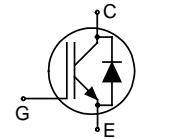


Fast S-IGBT in NPT-technology with soft, fast recovery anti-parallel EmCon diode

- 40% lower E_{off} compared to previous generation
- Short circuit withstand time – 10 μs
- Designed for:
 - Motor controls
 - Inverter
 - SMPS
- NPT-Technology offers:
 - very tight parameter distribution
 - high ruggedness, temperature stable behaviour
 - parallel switching capability



Type	V_{CE}	I_{C}	E_{off}	T_j	Package	Ordering Code
SKW07N120	1200V	8A	0.7mJ	150°C	TO-247AC	Q67040-S4280

Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CE}	1200	V
DC collector current	I_{C}		A
$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		16.5	
$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$		7.9	
Pulsed collector current, t_p limited by $T_{j\text{max}}$	I_{Cpuls}	27	
Turn off safe operating area	-	27	
$V_{\text{CE}} \leq 1200\text{V}, T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$			
Diode forward current	I_F		
$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		13	
$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$		7	
Diode pulsed current, t_p limited by $T_{j\text{max}}$	I_{Fpuls}	27	
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GE}	± 20	V
Short circuit withstand time ¹⁾	t_{SC}	10	μs
$V_{\text{GE}} = 15\text{V}, 100\text{V} \leq V_{\text{CC}} \leq 1200\text{V}, T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$			
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	125	W
$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$			
Operating junction and storage temperature	T_j, T_{stg}	-55...+150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Soldering temperature, 1.6mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10s	-	260	

¹⁾ Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.

Thermal Resistance

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Max. Value	Unit
Characteristic				
IGBT thermal resistance, junction – case	R_{thJC}	TO-247AC	1	K/W
Diode thermal resistance, junction – case	R_{thJCD}		2.5	
Thermal resistance, junction – ambient	R_{thJA}		40	

Electrical Characteristic, at $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Static Characteristic						
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)CES}$	$V_{GE}=0\text{V}, I_C=500\mu\text{A}$	1200	-	-	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(\text{sat})}$	$V_{GE} = 15\text{V}, I_C=8\text{A}$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	2.5 -	3.1 3.7	3.6 4.3	
Diode forward voltage	V_F	$V_{GE}=0\text{V}, I_F=7\text{A}$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	-	2.0 1.75	2.4	
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(\text{th})}$	$I_C=350\mu\text{A}, V_{CE}=V_{GE}$	3	4	5	
Zero gate voltage collector current	I_{CES}	$V_{CE}=1200\text{V}, V_{GE}=0\text{V}$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	- -	-	100 400	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}	$V_{CE}=1200\text{V}, V_{GE}=0\text{V}$	-	-	100	nA
Transconductance	g_{fs}	$V_{CE}=20\text{V}, I_C=8\text{A}$		6	-	S

Dynamic Characteristic

Input capacitance	C_{iss}	$V_{CE}=25\text{V},$	-	720	870	pF
Output capacitance	C_{oss}	$V_{GE}=0\text{V},$	-	90	110	
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{rss}	$f=1\text{MHz}$	-	50	60	
Gate charge	Q_{Gate}	$V_{CC}=960\text{V}, I_C=8\text{A}$ $V_{GE}=15\text{V}$	-	70	90	nC
Internal emitter inductance measured 5mm (0.197 in.) from case	L_E	TO-247AC	-	13	-	nH
Short circuit collector current ¹⁾	$I_{C(SC)}$	$V_{GE}=15\text{V}, t_{SC}\leq 10\mu\text{s}$ $100\text{V}\leq V_{CC}\leq 1200\text{V},$ $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$	-	75	-	A

¹⁾ Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
IGBT Characteristic						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$,	-	27	35	ns
Rise time	t_r	$V_{CC}=800\text{V}, I_C=8\text{A},$	-	29	38	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	$V_{GE}=15\text{V}/0\text{V},$	-	440	570	
Fall time	t_f	$R_G=47\Omega,$	-	21	27	
Turn-on energy	E_{on}	Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.	-	0.6	0.8	mJ
Turn-off energy	E_{off}		-	0.4	0.55	
Total switching energy	E_{ts}		-	1.0	1.35	

Anti-Parallel Diode Characteristic

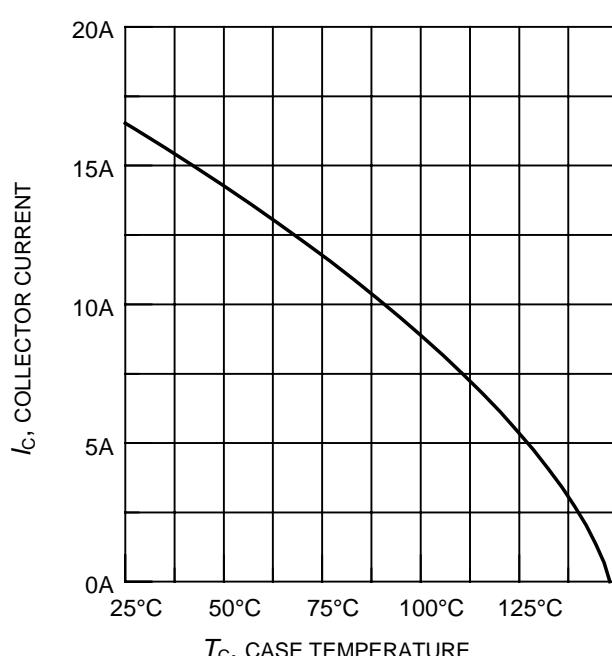
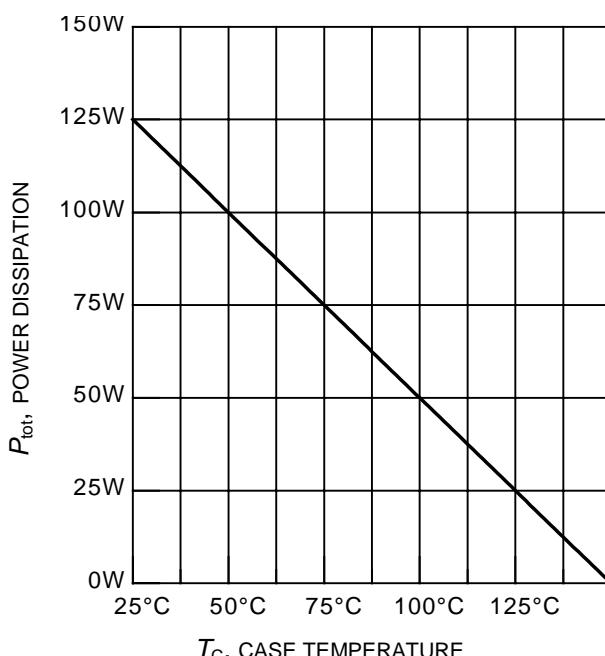
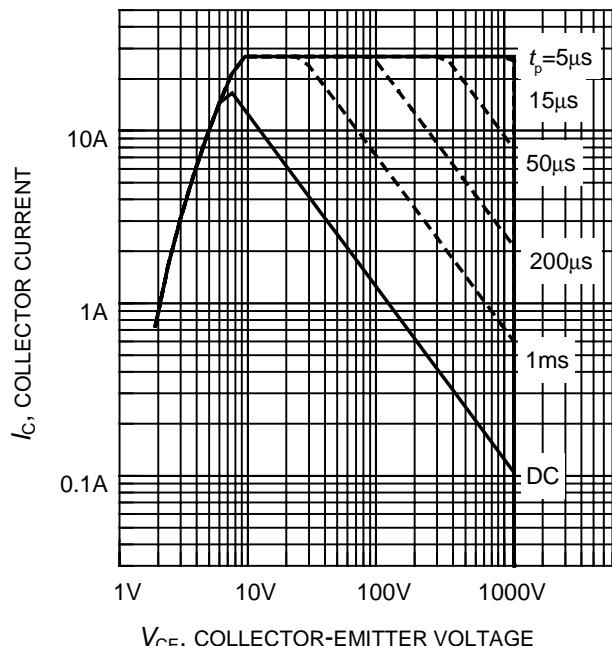
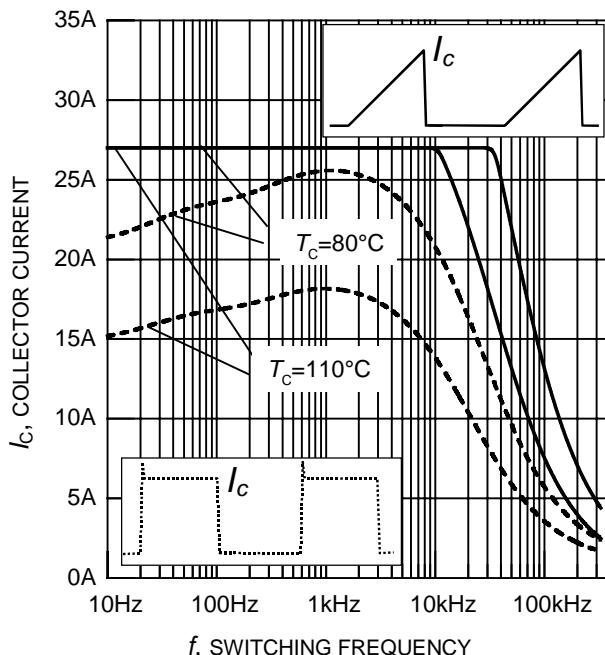
Diode reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C},$	-	60		ns
	t_s	$V_R=800\text{V}, I_F=8\text{A},$	-			
	t_F	$di_F/dt=400\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-			
Diode reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}		-	0.3		μC
Diode peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}		-	9		A
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during t_F	di_{rr}/dt		-	400		$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
IGBT Characteristic						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	-	30	36	ns
Rise time	t_r	$V_{CC}=800\text{V},$	-	26	31	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	$I_C=8\text{A},$	-	490	590	
Fall time	t_f	$V_{GE}=15\text{V}/0\text{V},$	-	30	36	
Turn-on energy	E_{on}	$R_G=47\Omega$	-	1.0	1.2	mJ
Turn-off energy	E_{off}	Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.	-	0.7	0.9	
Total switching energy	E_{ts}		-	1.7	2.1	

Anti-Parallel Diode Characteristic

Diode reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	-	170		ns
	t_s	$V_R=800\text{V}, I_F=8\text{A},$	-			
	t_F	$di_F/dt=500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-			
Diode reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}		-	1.1		μC
Diode peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}		-	15		A
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during t_F	di_{rr}/dt		-	110		$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$



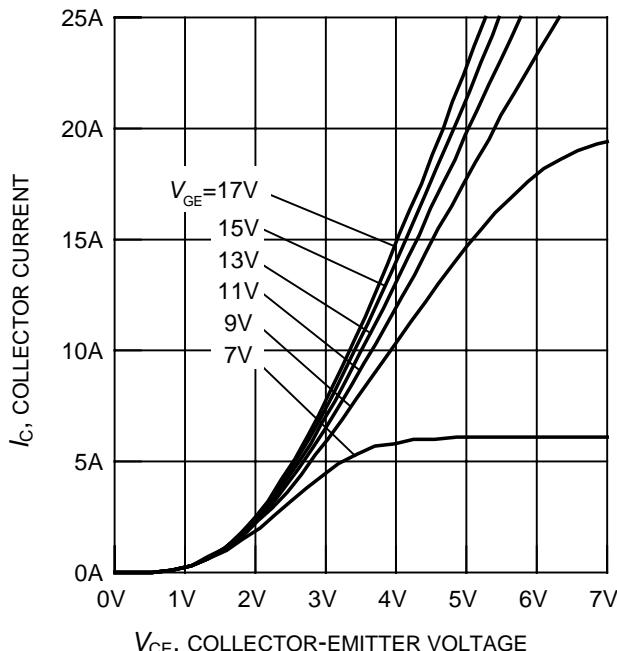


Figure 5. Typical output characteristics
($T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

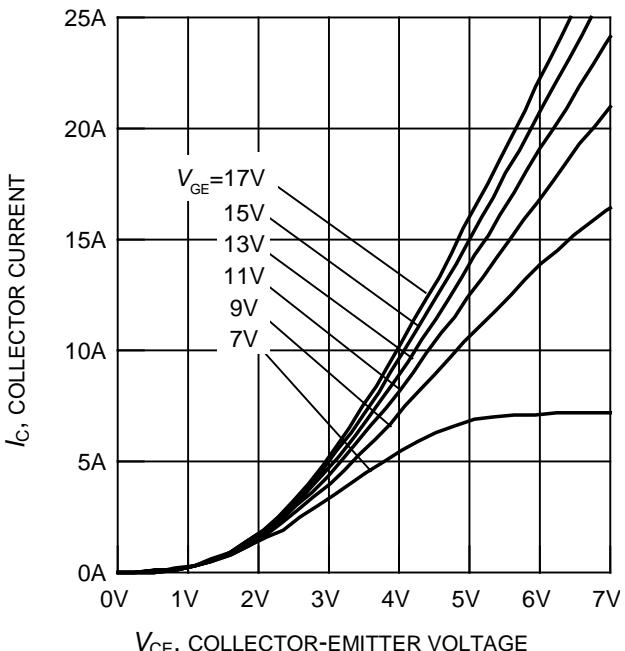


Figure 6. Typical output characteristics
($T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$)

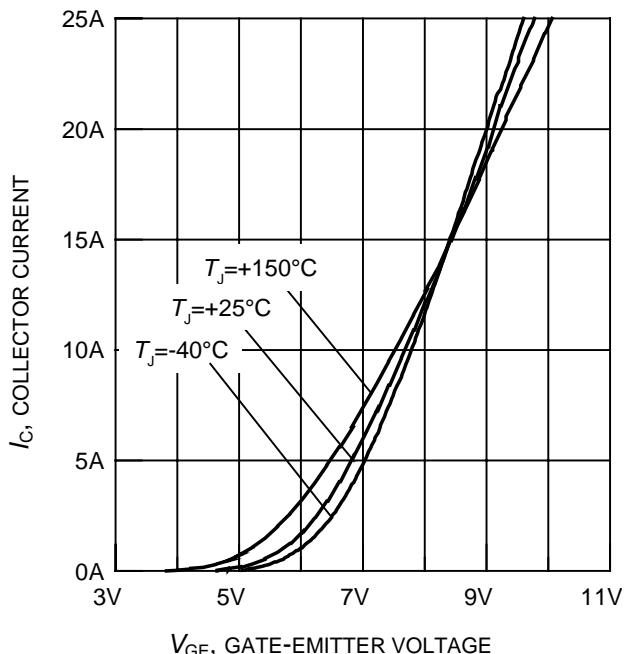


Figure 7. Typical transfer characteristics
($V_{CE} = 20\text{V}$)

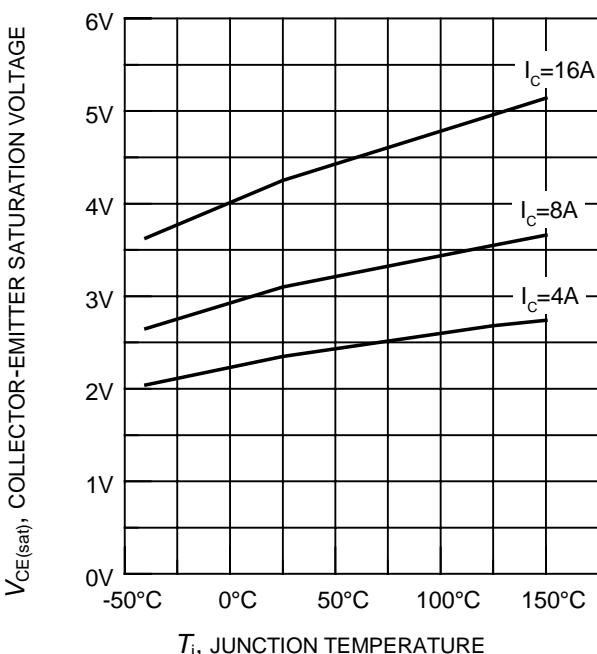


Figure 8. Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of junction temperature
($V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$)

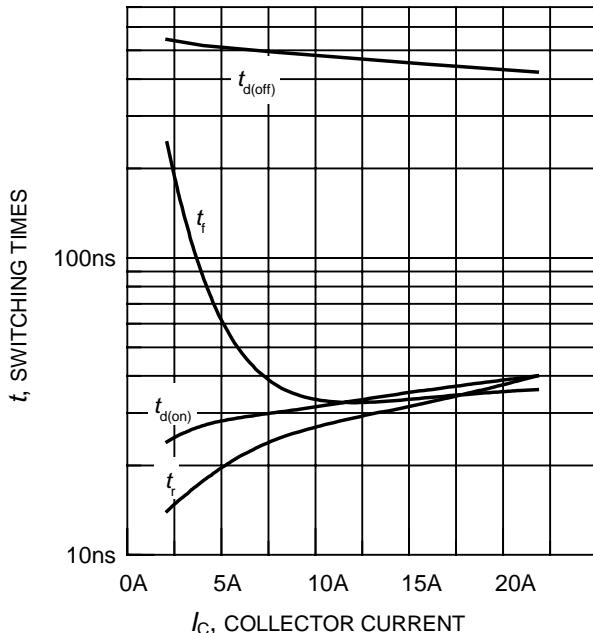


Figure 9. Typical switching times as a function of collector current

(inductive load, $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE} = 800\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = +15\text{V}/0\text{V}$, $R_G = 47\Omega$)

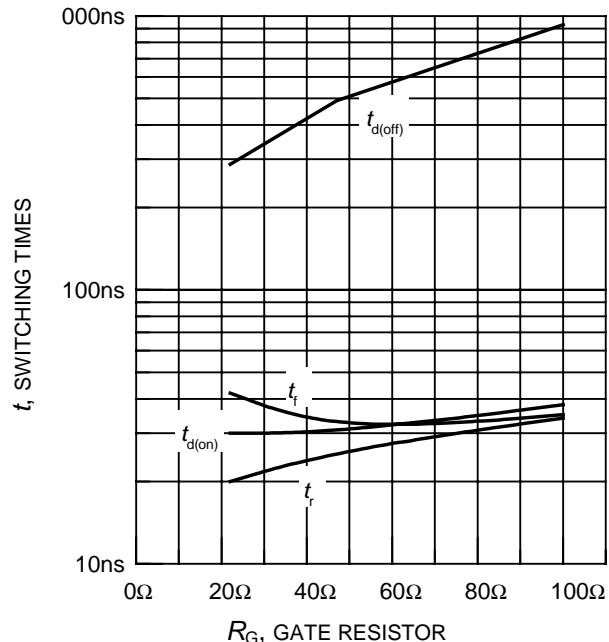


Figure 10. Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

(inductive load, $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE} = 800\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = +15\text{V}/0\text{V}$, $I_C = 8\text{A}$)

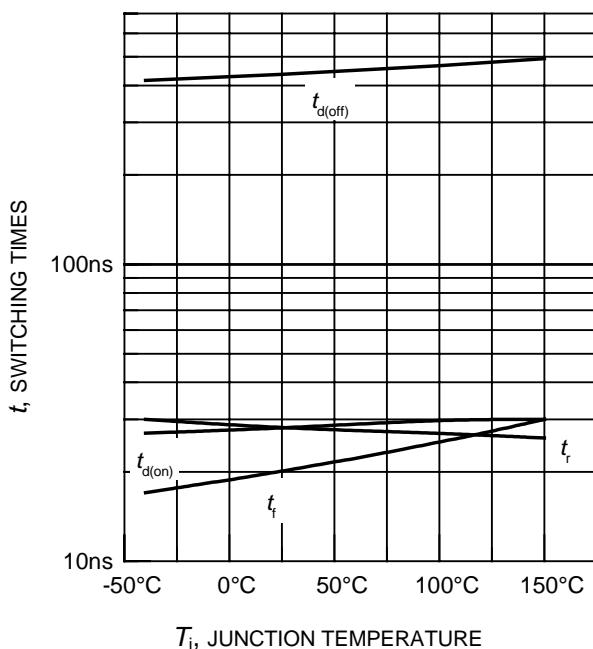


Figure 11. Typical switching times as a function of junction temperature

(inductive load, $V_{CE} = 800\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = +15\text{V}/0\text{V}$, $I_C = 8\text{A}$, $R_G = 47\Omega$)

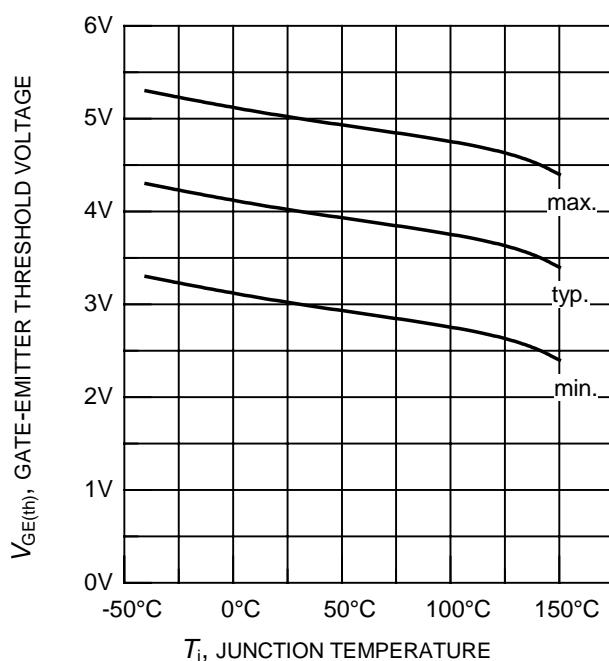


Figure 12. Gate-emitter threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature

($I_C = 0.3\text{mA}$)

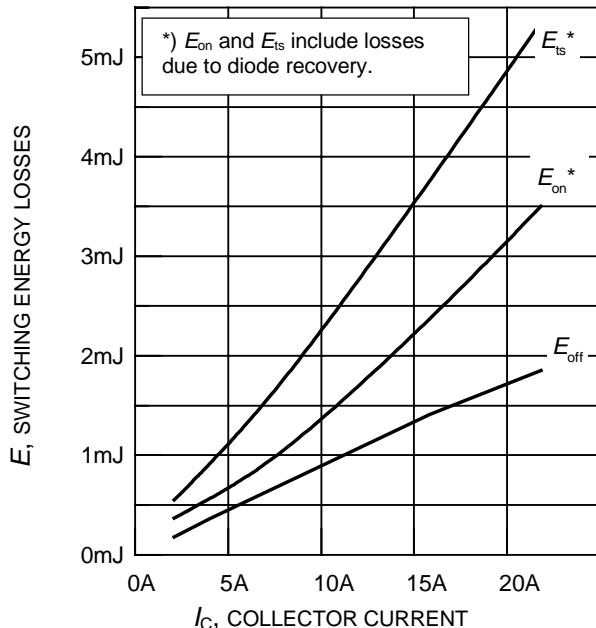


Figure 13. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

(inductive load, $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE} = 800\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = +15\text{V}/0\text{V}$, $R_G = 47\Omega$)

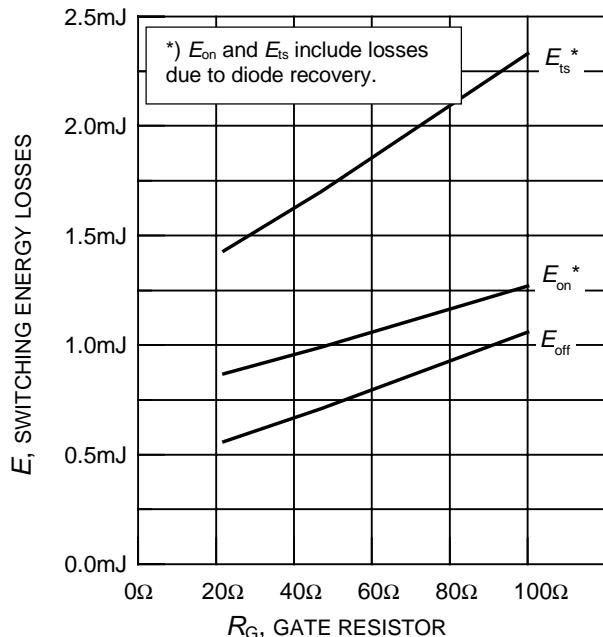


Figure 14. Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor

(inductive load, $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE} = 800\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = +15\text{V}/0\text{V}$, $I_C = 8\text{A}$)

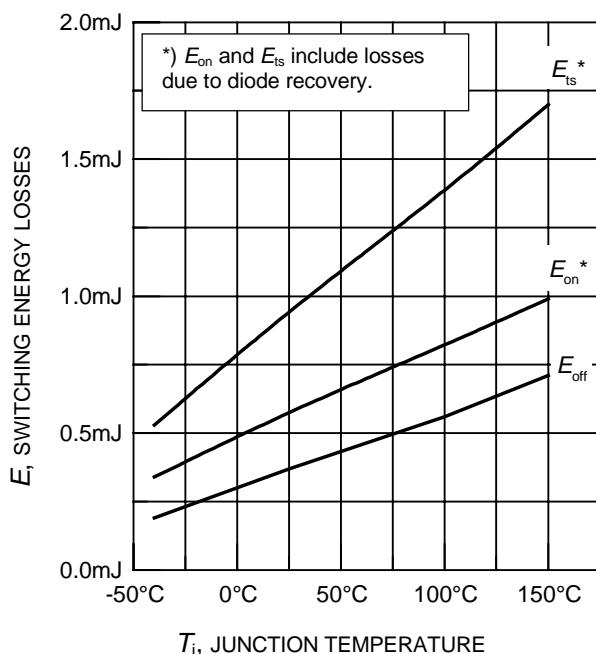


Figure 15. Typical switching energy losses as a function of junction temperature

(inductive load, $V_{CE} = 800\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = +15\text{V}/0\text{V}$, $I_C = 8\text{A}$, $R_G = 47\Omega$)

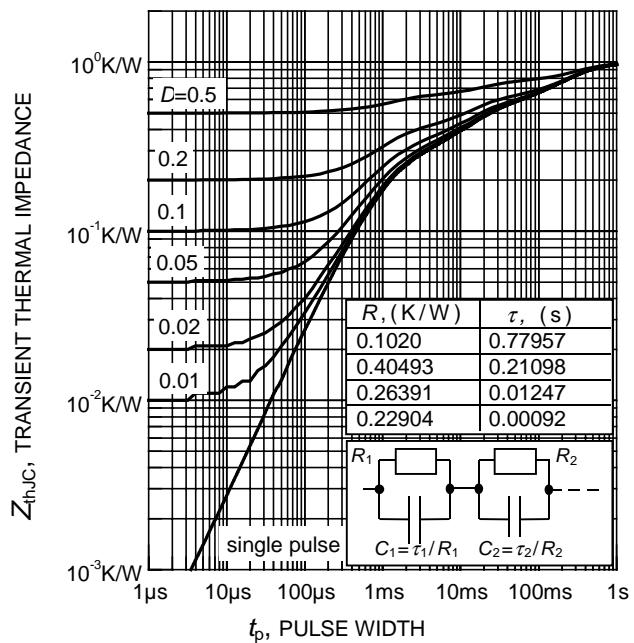


Figure 16. IGBT transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

($D = t_p / T$)

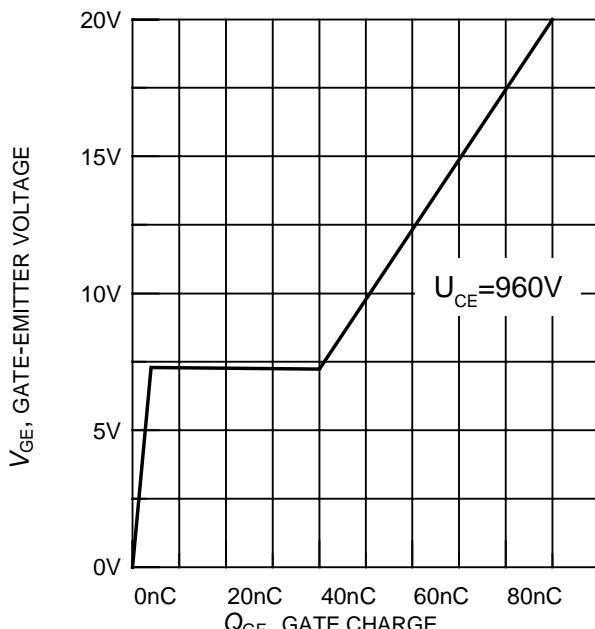


Figure 17. Typical gate charge
($I_C = 8A$)

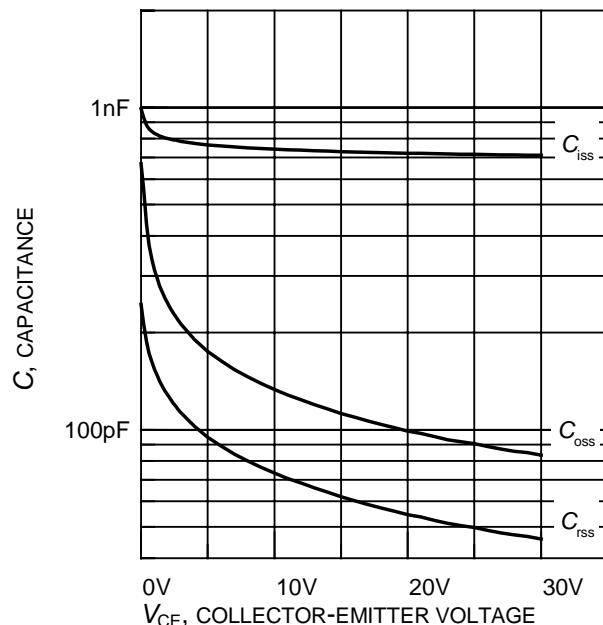


Figure 18. Typical capacitance as a function of collector-emitter voltage
($V_{GE} = 0V, f = 1MHz$)

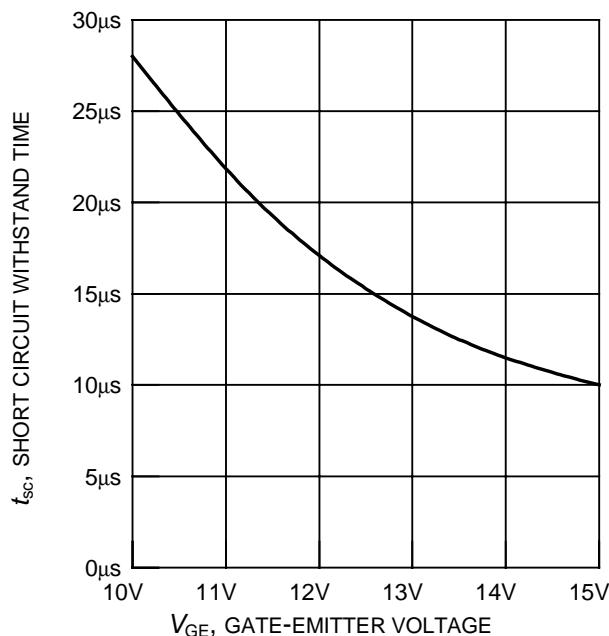


Figure 19. Short circuit withstand time as a function of gate-emitter voltage
($V_{CE} = 1200V$, start at $T_j = 25^\circ C$)

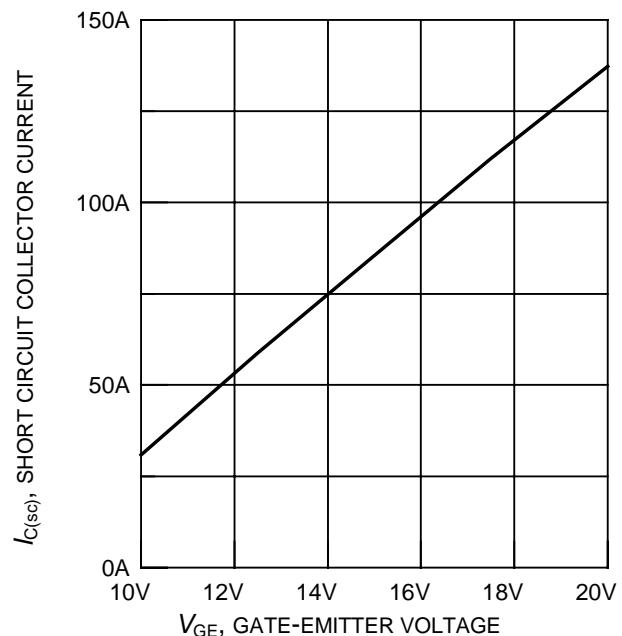


Figure 20. Typical short circuit collector current as a function of gate-emitter voltage
($100V \leq V_{CE} \leq 1200V, T_c = 25^\circ C, T_j \leq 150^\circ C$)

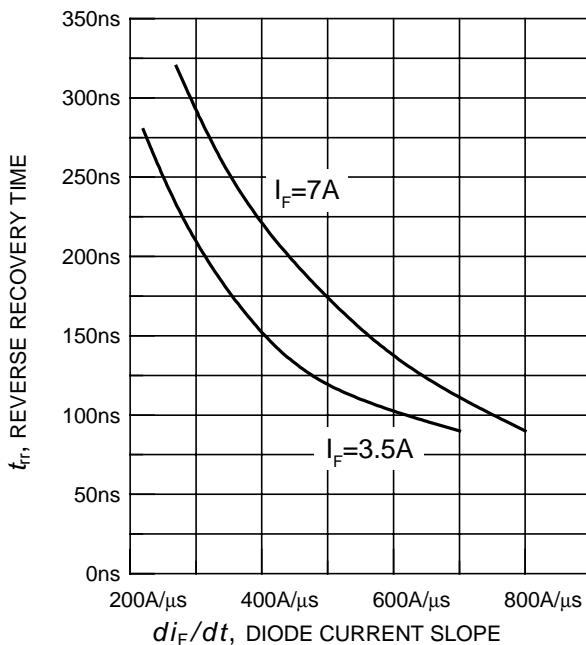


Figure 21. Typical reverse recovery time as a function of diode current slope
($V_R = 800V$, $T_j = 150^\circ C$)

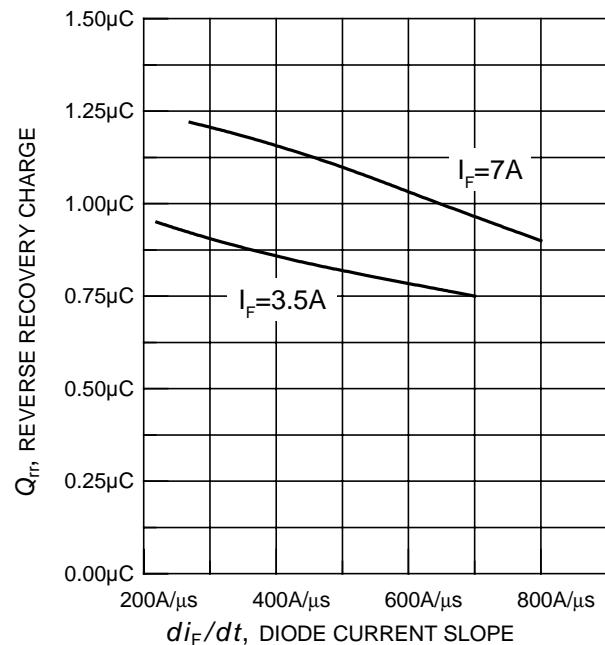


Figure 22. Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of diode current slope
($V_R = 800V$, $T_j = 150^\circ C$)

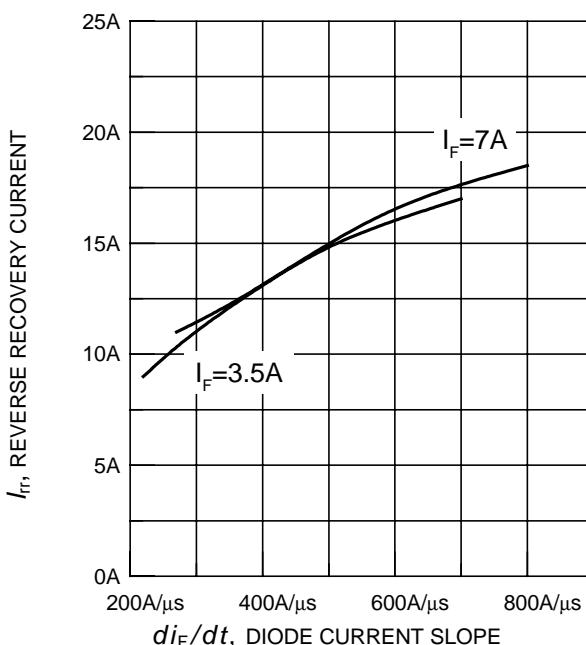


Figure 23. Typical reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope
($V_R = 800V$, $T_j = 150^\circ C$)

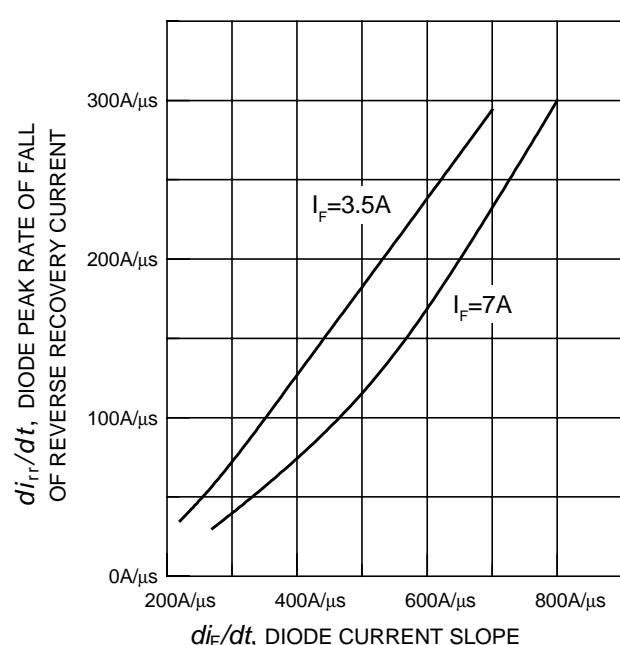
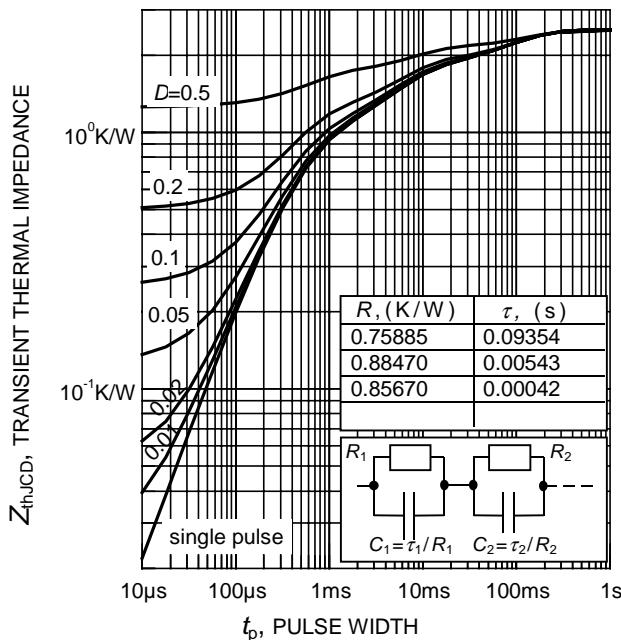
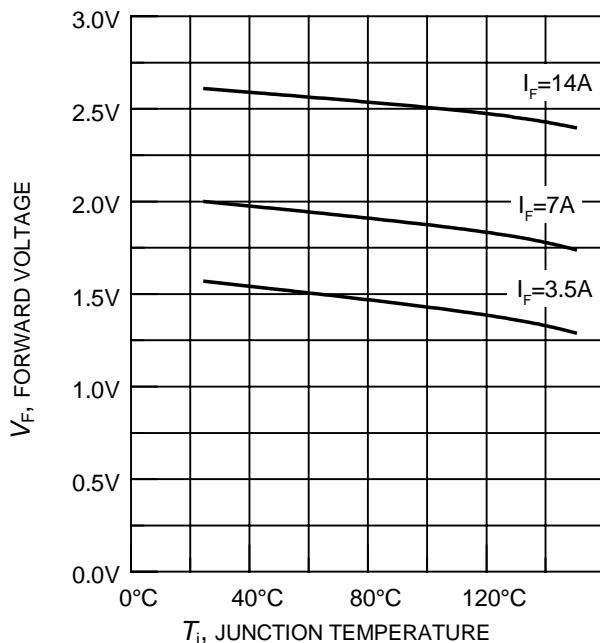
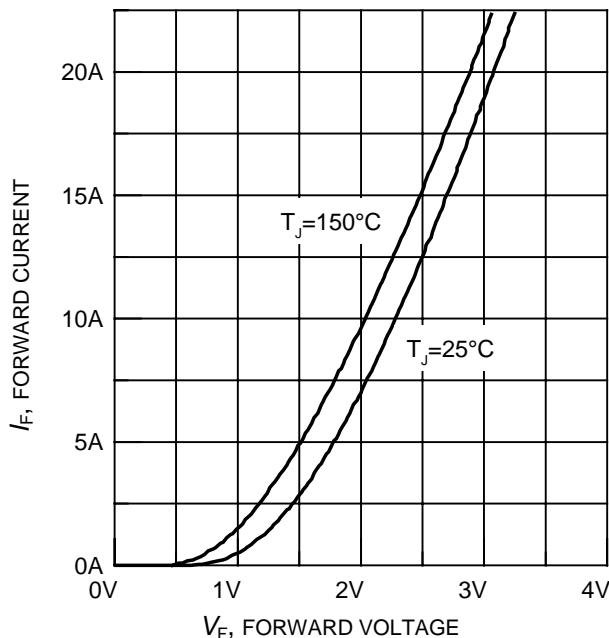
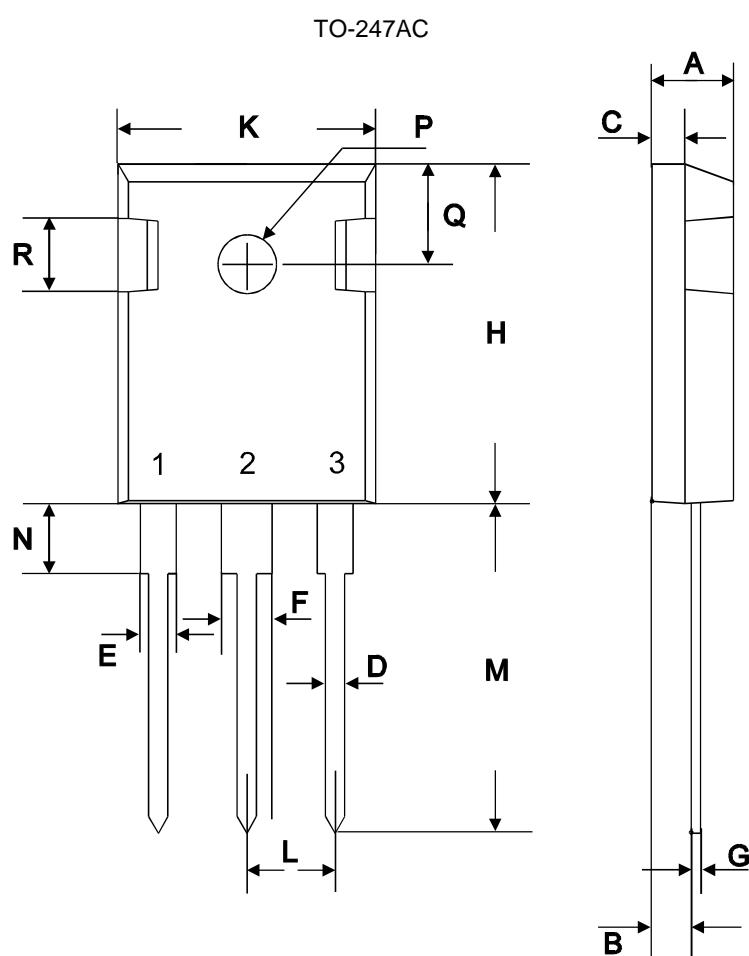


Figure 24. Typical diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope
($V_R = 800V$, $T_j = 150^\circ C$)





symbol	dimensions			
	[mm]		[inch]	
	min	max	min	max
A	4.78	5.28	0.1882	0.2079
B	2.29	2.51	0.0902	0.0988
C	1.78	2.29	0.0701	0.0902
D	1.09	1.32	0.0429	0.0520
E	1.73	2.06	0.0681	0.0811
F	2.67	3.18	0.1051	0.1252
G	0.76 max		0.0299 max	
H	20.80	21.16	0.8189	0.8331
K	15.65	16.15	0.6161	0.6358
L	5.21	5.72	0.2051	0.2252
M	19.81	20.68	0.7799	0.8142
N	3.560	4.930	0.1402	0.1941
ØP	3.61		0.1421	
Q	6.12	6.22	0.2409	0.2449

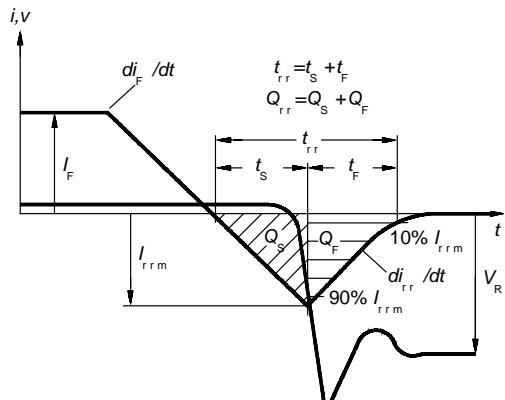
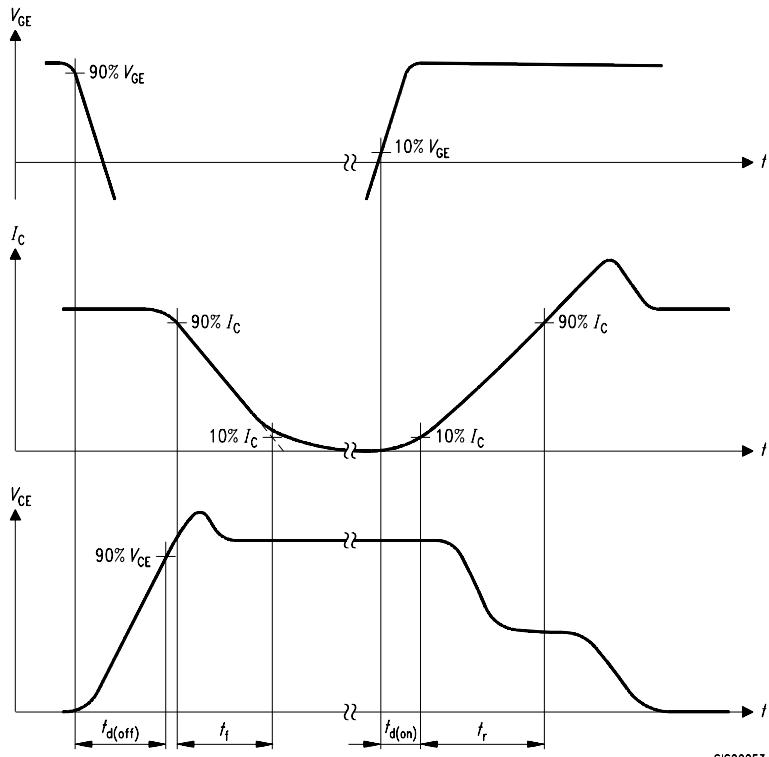


Figure C. Definition of diodes switching characteristics

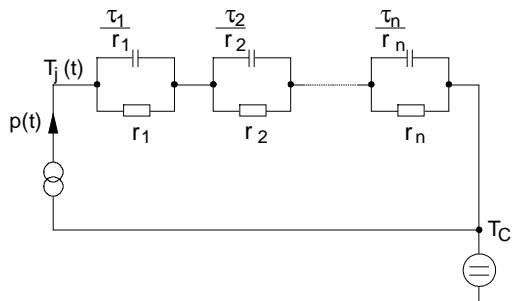


Figure D. Thermal equivalent circuit

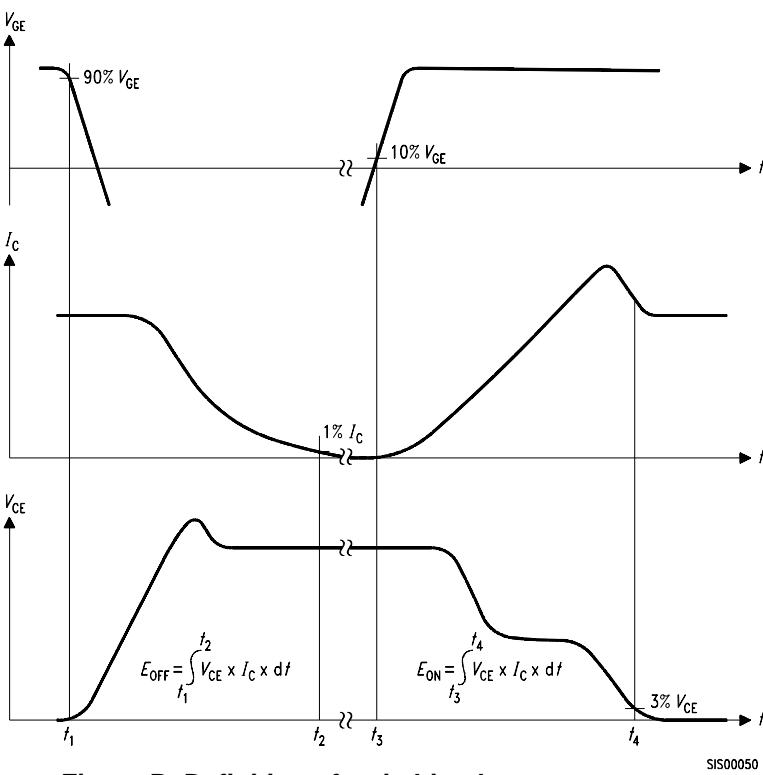


Figure B. Definition of switching losses



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